

# ग्रामोभ्युदयादेव देशोभ्युदयः

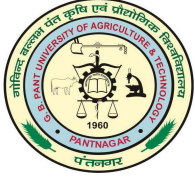
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## Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa Bulletin, District - Nainital

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As per forecast received from National Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecast, India Meteorological Department, Mausam Bhawan, New Delhi and value added to the forecast by Meteorological Centre, Dehradun for next five days for Nainital district are as follows:

Parameter	Nainital				
	07/04/2018	08/04/2018	09/04/2018	10/04/2018	11/04/2018
Rainfall (mm)	2	5	25	10	20
Max Temp ( <sup>0</sup> C)	22	21	19	18	17
Min Temp ( <sup>0</sup> C)	13	12	11	10	9
Cloud Cover	Cloudy	Dense Cloudy	Dense Cloudy	Dense Cloudy	Dense Cloudy
Max RH I (%)	80	85	90	90	90
Min RH II (%)	40	45	50	50	50
Wind speed (km/h)	008	010	010	006	006
Wind direction	ESE	SE	ESE	SE	E

**Isolated rain on 7 & 8 April and moderate rain from 9 to 11 April with cloudy to dense cloudy sky may likely to occur.**

According to the observations recorded at India Meteorological Department Observatory located at Nainital (Altitude: 2084 m) during last seven days (30 March – 5 April, 2018), it is observed that maximum and minimum temperature varied between 19.8<sup>0</sup>C to 22.4<sup>0</sup>C and 9.0<sup>0</sup>C to 10.5<sup>0</sup>C respectively.

### Weather Based Agro-Advisories

#### Crop Management:

- On the occurrence of leaf spot disease in lobia crop, solution of mancozeb @ 2.0 g/lit of water should be sprayed.
- In mid hills, sowing of varieties of barnyard millet (jhangora) like- Madeira 172, VL Madeira 207, PRJ 1 should be done 25 cm distance from line to line and 10 cm from plant to plant in March-April. 8-10 Kg/ ha seeds is required. N:P:K in the ratio 40:20:20 should be used. half dose of Nitrogen and full dose of phosphorous and potash should be used at the time of sowing. Remaining half dose of nitrogen should be used after one month of sowing as top dressing.
- Compost should be mixed in the field properly @ 100 q/ha or 2 q/naali at the time of sowing of barnyard millet, If compost is not available then vermin compost should be used @ 50 q/ha or 1 q/naali.

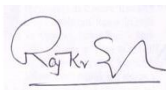
- To control the weed in jhangora, solution of 2, 4 D sodium salt @ 650g/ha in 500 lit of water should be sprayed after 20-25 days of sowing.
- Seeds of barnyard millet should be treated with carbendazim @ 2g/kg of seed before sowing.

### **Horticultural Management:**

- Transplanting of chilly, capsicum and brinjal should be done in first fortnight of this month.
- To control the viral borne disease in chilly and tomato crop, infected plants should be removed and destroyed.
- On the occurrence of contracted piebald leaves in chilly and tomato, infected plants should be removed and destroyed. To control the juice sucking insect in these crops, sarvangi insecticide should be sprayed. To save the crop from late blight disease, it is advised that solution of Mancozeb @ 2.5g/liter or copper oxichloride @ 3g/lit of water should be sprayed.
- On the occurrence of cottony white growth in the stems of French bean crop, infected plants should be removed and destroyed. Solution of carbendazim @ 1g/lit of water should be sprayed.
- If the upper part of leaves of onion and garlic are turning yellow, solution of propiconazole or tebuconazole @ 1 ml/lit of water should be sprayed.
- In mid and low hilly regions, second spray of recommended chemical should be done to control the leaf curl disease in peach.
- Shoots emerges from root stock of the grafting plants in the nursery should be removed.
- On the occurrence of mango hopper after fruit setting, Imidacloprid @ 3 ml/10 liter should be sprayed in the mango.
- On the occurrence of fruit set in the seed bearer fruits like peach, plum, khumani etc, hail proof net should be used to save them from the hail.
- In unirrigated condition, half dose of nitrogen should be used in the basins and mulching should be applied for moisture conservation.
- To save the apple from apple scab disease in high hilly regions, necessary spraying of recommended chemical should be done.

### **Animal Husbandry:**

- This month is characterised by high temperatures, the resultant effects of which on animals is dehydration, a decrease in body salts and appetite, a drop in production etc. It is, therefore, imperative to protect the animals from these high temperatures.
- For obtaining the high production from poultry birds, temperature of their dwelling place should be maintained. Balanced diet, fresh and neat water should be given to them.
- Sitting place of animals should be leveled so that their productive capacity is not affected and special care should be given to the new born animals.
- Toxocara vitulorum (patera) are found in the food tube of buffalo calf in the age of 1-4month. More than 50% buffalo calf should be died because of delay in treatment. Piperazine should be given to the infected calf on identification of Patera disease.



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