

ग्रामोभ्युदयादेव देशोभ्युदयः

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As per forecast received from National Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecast, India Meteorological Department, Mausam Bhawan, New Delhi and value added to the forecast by Meteorological Centre, Dehradun for next five days for Nainital district are as follows:

Parameter	Nainital				
	13/09/2017	14/09/2017	15/09/2017	16/09/2017	17/09/2017
Rainfall (mm)	3	5	5	10	15
Max Temp ($^{\circ}$ C)	24	23	23	22	22
Min Temp ($^{\circ}$ C)	16	16	16	15	15
Cloud Cover	Cloudy	Cloudy	Dense Cloud	Dense Cloud	Dense Cloud
Max RH I (%)	85	85	90	95	95
Min RH II (%)	60	60	60	65	65
Wind speed (km/h)	006	008	008	008	006
Wind direction	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE

Light rain from 13th to 17th September may likely to occur with cloudy to dense cloudy sky.

According to the observations recorded at India Meteorological Department Observatory located at Nainital (Altitude: 2084 m) during last seven days (5 – 11 Sept, 2017), it is observed that state of sky were cloudy to dense cloudy and maximum and minimum temperature varied between 20.4 $^{\circ}$ C to 24.2 $^{\circ}$ C and 13.0 $^{\circ}$ C to 14.3 $^{\circ}$ C respectively.

Weather Based Agro-Advisories

Crop Management:

- If the lower leaves of paddy crops are drying, Carbendazim 50% WP @ 1kg/Ha should be sprayed.
- Weed management and proper drainage should be done in the pulse crops.
- Three cluster of sugarcane should be tied together.
- On the occurrence of red colour oval spot on the leaves of maize, solution of 1.5 kg mancozeb per hectare should be sprayed.
- If brown coloured circular spot are observed in the leaves of paddy then, 1250 g coper oxichloride or 1.5-2.0 kg propinep per hectare should be sprayed.
- In paddy crop, weed management and proper storage of water should be done.

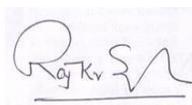
Horticultural Management:

- On the occurrence of brown circular spot on the leaves and scorching of the colocasia crop, solution of mancozeb 75% WP or metalexyl 8% + mancozeb 64 % @ 2.5kg/ha should be sprayed. Commercial sticker @ 0.5ml/liter should be mixed in the solution.

- In irrigated valleys, if rainy season is about to stop and storage problem of water in the field, then sowing of arkil or other early variety of pea should be completed up to 15th September.
- In irrigated valleys, sowing of radish and turnip should be completed in this month for domestic use.
- In unirrigated mid hills, radish varieties like Meenu early, Japanese white, Pusa Himani and early varieties of Saljam like Parpiltop, white glow should be sown at the earliest.
- Proper drainage of water should be maintained in standing crop of potato. Digging of crop should be done in the proper moisture condition and send tubers to the market.
- On the occurrence of mildew on the stems and leaves of french beans, solution of 500g carbendazim in 500 liter of water per hectare should be sprayed.
- If cabbage, cauliflower, radish and turnip are sown or transplanted earlier and crops ready then it should be send to the market after harvesting.
- If none crop is sown under polyhouse then its clearing should be done and sowing of turnip, inagiri radish, frenchbean and pea should be done within 10-15 days. First seedling of vegetable rai should be prepared and after that seedlings should be transplanted within 25-30 days.
- In Brinjal and Capsicum crop, proper drainage should be maintained in the field during monsoon season and fruit picking should be done timely.
- In hilly regions, if moisture in the soil is more than sufficient, then sowing of radish and rai is done.
- In temperate fruits, 1 % Caustic soda should be sprayed to remove the lichen from stem and branches of the trees.
- In case of heavy rainfall, it is advised that proper drainage should be made from the basins of fruit plant.
- Evergreen fruit plants like Mango, guava, Lemon, papaya, Litchi etc should be planted in this month.
- Weeding and hoeing operation may be taken up in the Orchard.

Animal Husbandry:

- In this month, rate of animal's delivery especially in buffalos increases. The pregnant animals should be separated from other animals if possible and complete diet in little quantity at many times in a day should be given to them otherwise they can be affected by afra (fatty liver).
- Green fodder should be given in less quantity to the animals. It is advised that green fodder can be given to the animals by mixing it in dry fodder.
- Drinking water should be clean because there is a possibility of occurrence of viruses due to parasite and fungus.
- Animal shed should be dried, for this; lime should be sprayed time to time in their places.
- Deworming doses should be given to the poultry birds on the recommendation of veterinarian because worms in the poultry birds lessen the production capacity of eggs.
- After animal's delivery, Gynotone or Utrotone medicine @ 200ml should be given in morning and evening hours for three days to clean the womb.



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