ग्रामोभ्युदयादेव देशोभ्युदयः

Govind Ballabh Pant University of Agriculture and Technology



Department of Agrometeorology College of Agriculture Pantnagar–263145, Uttarakhand Phone No. 05944 - 233 032



Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa Bulletin, District - Udham Singh Nagar

Year: 27 Issue No.: 30 Bulletin Period: 14 – 18 April, 2018 Day: Friday Dated: 13-04-2018

As per forecast received from National Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecast, India Meteorological Department, Mausam Bhawan, New Delhi and value added to the forecast by Meteorological Centre, Dehradun for next five days for Udham Singh Nagar and plain area of Nainital districts are as follows:

Parameter	Udham Singh Nagar							
Parameter	14/04/2018	15/04/2018	16/04/2018	17/04/2018	18/04/2018			
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	0	0	0			
Max Temp (⁰ C)	34	34	34	33	32			
Min Temp (⁰ C)	13	14	14	15	16			
Cloud Cover	P-Cloudy	P-Cloudy	P-Cloudy	P-Cloudy	Cloudy			
Max RH I (%) Min RH II (%)	80	80	75	80	85			
	35	40	40	40	45			
Wind speed (km/h)	006	004	006	008	008			
Wind direction	NW	NNW	NNW	NNW	NW			

According to Meteorological observations recorded at Agrometeorological Observatory, AMFU-Pantnagar, G B Pant University of Agriculture & Technology (Altitude: 243.8 m) during last seven days (6 – 12 April, 2018) are as follows:

Weather	Udham Singh Nagar									
Parameter	06/04/2018	07/04/2018	08/04/2018	09/04/2018	10/04/2018	11/04/2018	12/04/2018			
Rainfall (mm)	0.0	29.2	Trace	Trace	10.8	0.0	2.2			
Max Temp (°C)	36.2	33.8	27.5	27.8	29.5	32.5	29.3			
Min Temp (⁰ C)	20.9	18.4	17.9	18.2	16.5	18.5	16.9			
CC II	P-Cloudy	Clear	P-Cloudy	Clear	Clear	Cloudy	Cloudy			
	Clear	Clear	Dense Cloudy	Dense Cloudy	Dense Cloudy	Clear	P-Cloudy			
Max RH I (%) Min RH II (%)	68	83	76	71	85	83	94			
	46	68	56	82	60	73	58			
Wind speed (km/h)	5.2	8.3	4.4	4.4	2.6	4.3	6.8			
Wind direction I	Е	Calm	ENE	ENE	Calm	ENE	Calm			
Wind Direction II	WSW	ESE	WNW	ENE	ENE	ESE	WNW			

Weather Based Agro-Advisories

Crop Management:

- Harvesting and threshing of wheat and pulse crops should be done.
- For late sowing of sugarcane crop after harvesting of wheat, should be completed in this month. Upper 1/3rd to 1/2nd part of sugarcane should be used as seed for sowing. Seeds should be kept in water for 24 hr before seed treatment because it increases the germination. For seed treatment, solution of 1gram Carbendazim 50% in 1 liter of water should be used.
- Late sowing verities of sugarcane like CoS88230, CoS95255, CoS595222, CoS97264, Co Pant84212 etc should be used. Balanced fertilizer 100-120; 60:40 NPK/ha should be used and 60Kg N, 60 Kg P2O5 & 40 Kg K2O/ha should be used.
- To control the leaf blight and yellow gerui in late sown wheat crop, Propiconazole @ 500ml/Ha should be sprayed.
- Harvesting of pulse crops like pea, lentil and gram should be done in the morning, immediate after maturity. Grains should be dried well before storage.
- Light irrigation should be given in the evening in the late sowing crop of wheat and barley. Irrigation should be given in the high speed of wind.
- Jawar, cowpea (lobia), maize, pearl millet (bajara) should be sown as fodder crop.
- Harvesting of wheat and barley should be done when their spikes turn golden and grain become hard. After harvesting, keep it in the sun for 3-4 days and afterward threshing should be done with thresher.
- If harvesting should be done with combine then moisture in the grains should not be exceeded by 20%.
- Transplanting of mentha should be done during April. 40-45 days seedlings should be transplanted at a distance of 15-20 cm in lines and line to line distance should be 40 cm.

Horticultural Management:

- Basin should be prepared and 2-3 irrigation should be given at an interval of 10-15 days.
- Bloomsbury which is infected from gumma disease should be separated.
- When mango fruit taken the size of pea grain then irrigation should be started.
- To stop the fruit from falling, 20 PPM, NAA (0.02g/lit) should be sprayed.
- Garlic crop will be at its maturity almost at the end of this month so it is advised that irrigation should be stopped before 15 days of harvesting of crop.
- Harvesting of matured pea should be done and dried them in the field for 1-2 days.
- Sowing of turmeric, ginger and arbi should be done.
- On the occurrence of leaf spot disease in cucurbitaceous (pumpkin class vegetables) crop, solution of mancozeb @ 2.5 kg/lit of water should be sprayed.
- On the occurrence of mango hopper after fruit setting, Imidacloprid @ 3 ml/10 liter should be sprayed in the mango orchard.
- On the occurrence of powdery mildew in mango, wettable sulphur @ 2g/litre should be sprayed. If temperature is high then kerathen @ 6ml/10 litre should be sprayed.
- Irrigation should be applied in the orchard at certain time interval as required.
- On the occurrence of contracted piebald leaves in chilly and tomato, infected plants should be removed and destroyed. To control the juice sucking insect in these crops, sarvangi insecticide should be sprayed. To save the crop from late blight disease, it is advised that solution of Mancozeb @ 2.5g/liter or copper oxichloride @ 3g/lit of water should be sprayed.
- On the occurrence of cottony white growth in the stems of French bean crop, infected plants should be removed and destroyed. Solution of carbendazim @ 1g/lit of water should be sprayed.

• If the upper part of leaves of onion and garlic are turning yellow, solution of propiconazole or tebuconazole @ 1 ml/lit of water should be sprayed.

Animal Husbandry:

- Due attention should be given to arrangements for provision of water to animals. The drinking troughs should be kept clean and animals should be provided water at least four times during the day.
- Look for signs of Mastitis in dairy cattle and treat for it immediately.
- This month is characterised by high temperatures, the resultant effects of which on animals is dehydration, a decrease in body salts and appetite, a drop in production etc. It is, therefore, imperative to protect the animals from these high temperatures.
- For obtaining the high production from poultry birds, temperature of their dwelling place should be maintained. Balanced diet, fresh and neat water should be given to them.
- Sitting place of animals should be leveled so that their productive capacity is not affected and special care should be given to the new born animals.
- Keeping in mind the probable high rate of Cattle's delivery, animal shed should be well neat, clean, dry and ventilated. For this, dry Lime should be sprayed in the nearby places.
- Toxocara vitulorum (patera) are found in the food tube of buffalo calf in the age of 1-4month. More than 50% buffalo calf should be died because of delay in treatment. Piperazine should be given to the infected calf on identification of Patera disease.
- To save the buffalo calf from patera disease, 10-15Cc Neem oil should be given to the calf immediately after 10 days of his birth. Again after 10 days, 10-15 CC Neem oil should be given. Chenopodium album oil can also be given as a fodder to animals to save the calf/animals from patera disease.

Dr. R K Singh

Professor & Principal Nodal Officer-GKMS

AMFU- Pantnagar